



CloudSat

# Architectural proposal for Federated Satellite/Terrestrial Software Networks in the 5G Context

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# Structure of Presentation

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Introduction / Concept

Use Cases and Requirements

Architectural Proposal

Technical Evaluation/Experimentation end  
Economic Assessment

Roadmap and Recommendations

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# The CloudSat project at a glance

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## Programme

- ESA ARTES Future Preparations (form. ARTES 1)

## Overall objective

- To study and assess the interplay of cloud networking/virtualization technologies with satellite telecommunications, highlighting opportunities, issues and perspectives.

## Duration

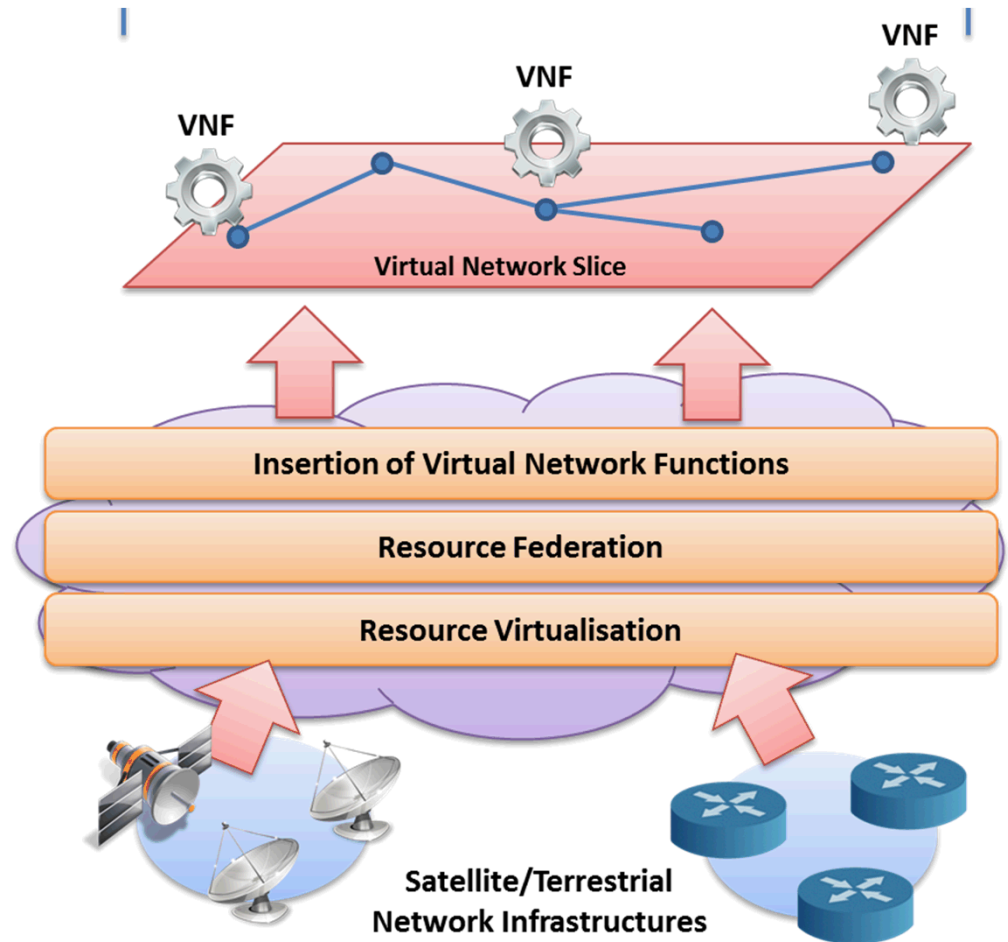
- 15 months (September 2014 – November 2015)

## Team

- Space Hellas S.A. – Prime Contractor (GR)
- Thales Alenia Space France (FR)
- Telefonica I+D (ES)
- NCSR “Demokritos” (GR)

# Federated Satellite/Terrestrial Software Networks

- Network abstraction, slicing and federation via softwarisation techniques (SDN/NFV)
- In-network Virtual Network Functions (VNFs)
- Over heterogeneous terrestrial and satellite infrastructure
- **Main Goal:** Inclusion of the satellite component, with its inherent benefits (global coverage, high bandwidth etc.) in 5G software-based networks.
- **Main Challenge:** Application of software network technologies (SDN/NFV) to satellite networks

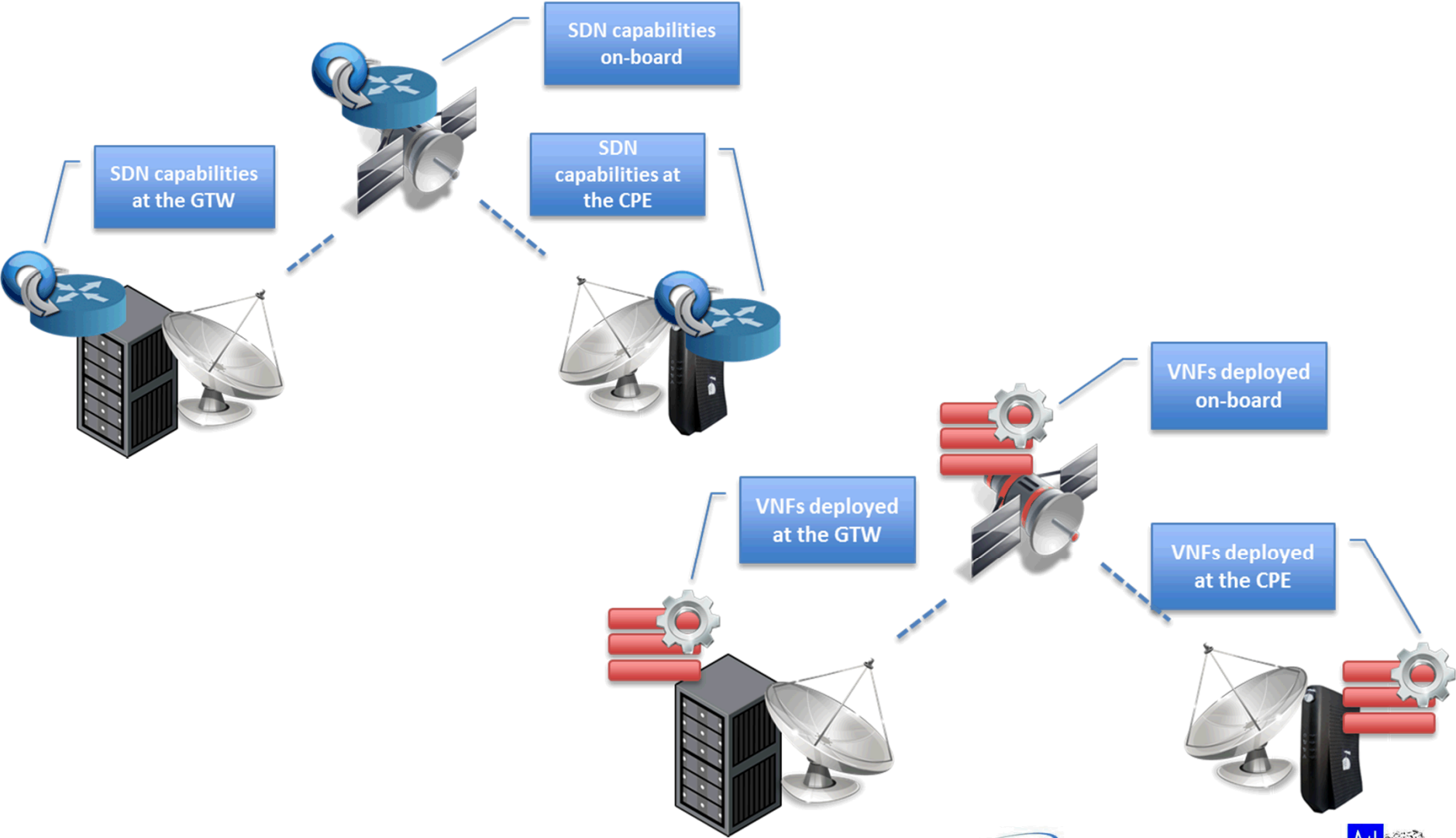


# The CloudSat approach

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Definition of functional architectures representing integrated satellite/terrestrial cloud networks and their interfaces;  
assessment of the proposed architectures from a technical and economic point of view.

# SDN/NFV applicability to satcom



# SDN/NFV in satcom: SWOT analysis consolidation

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## Key strengths

New services to customers  
CAPEX/OPEX reduction  
Smoother integration for 5G  
Evolutionary deployment possible

## Key weaknesses

Stability and security issues for virtualised services critical for satcom  
SDN not suitable for PHY/MAC configuration  
SDN/NFV capabilities at payload and terminal require considerable resources

## Key opportunities

SDN and NFV markets rapidly growing (>50% CAGR by 2023)  
SDN and NFV technologies are evolving and supported by wide community initiatives

## Key threats

SDN and NFV proven in testbeds but not yet deployed in production networks  
SDN and NFV landscape is still evolving; TRL still low



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# Use Cases for Satellite SDN/NFV

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Elastic Bandwidth-on-Demand

Hybrid media distribution network as-a-Service

Virtual CDN as-a-Service

Federated Terrestrial-Satellite VPN

Satellite Virtual Network Operator (SVNO)

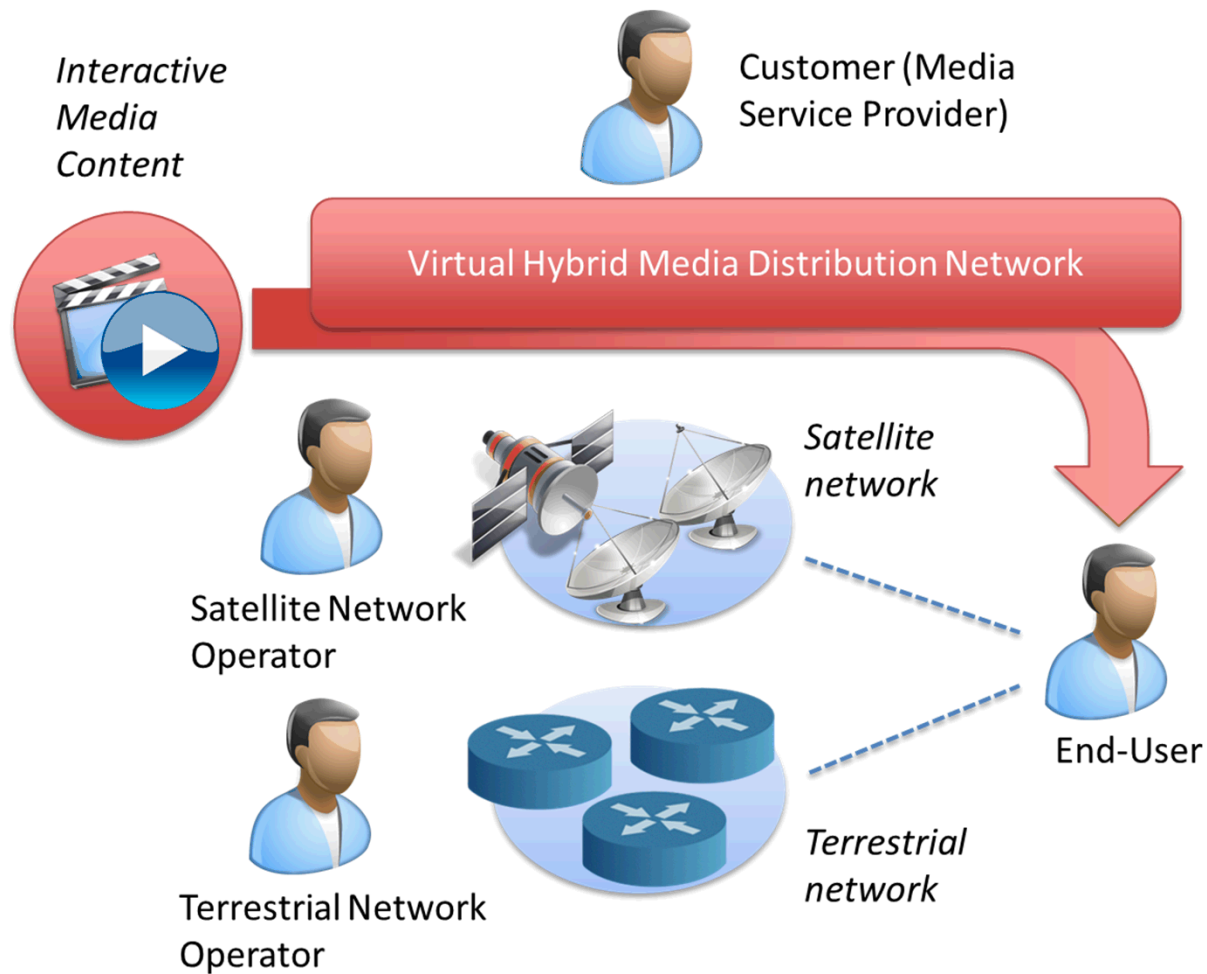
Programmable Payloads and flexible ISLs

Dynamic backhauling with edge processing

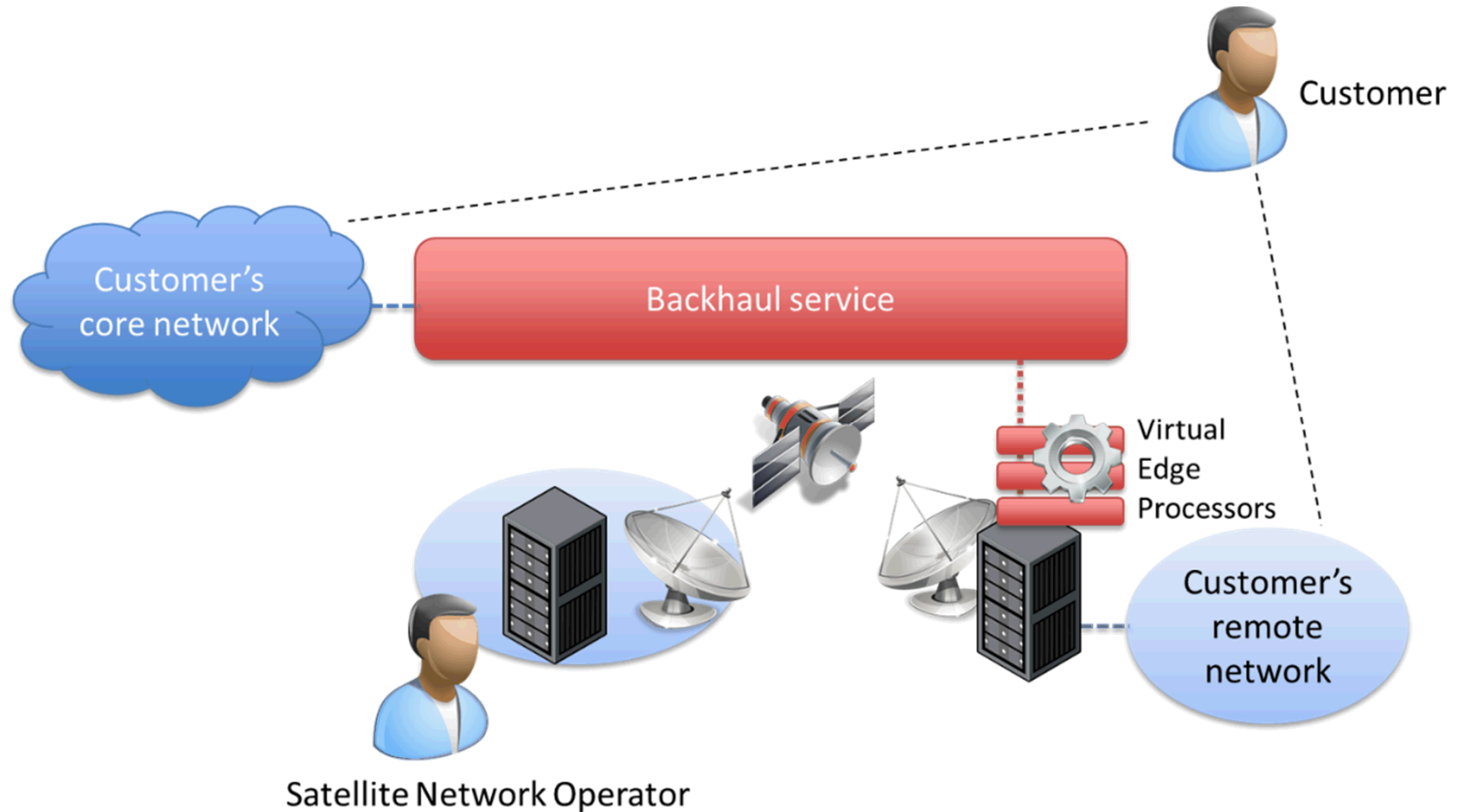
Customer functions virtualisation

**Primary application domains: content distribution, broadband access, M2M/IoT, real-time communications**

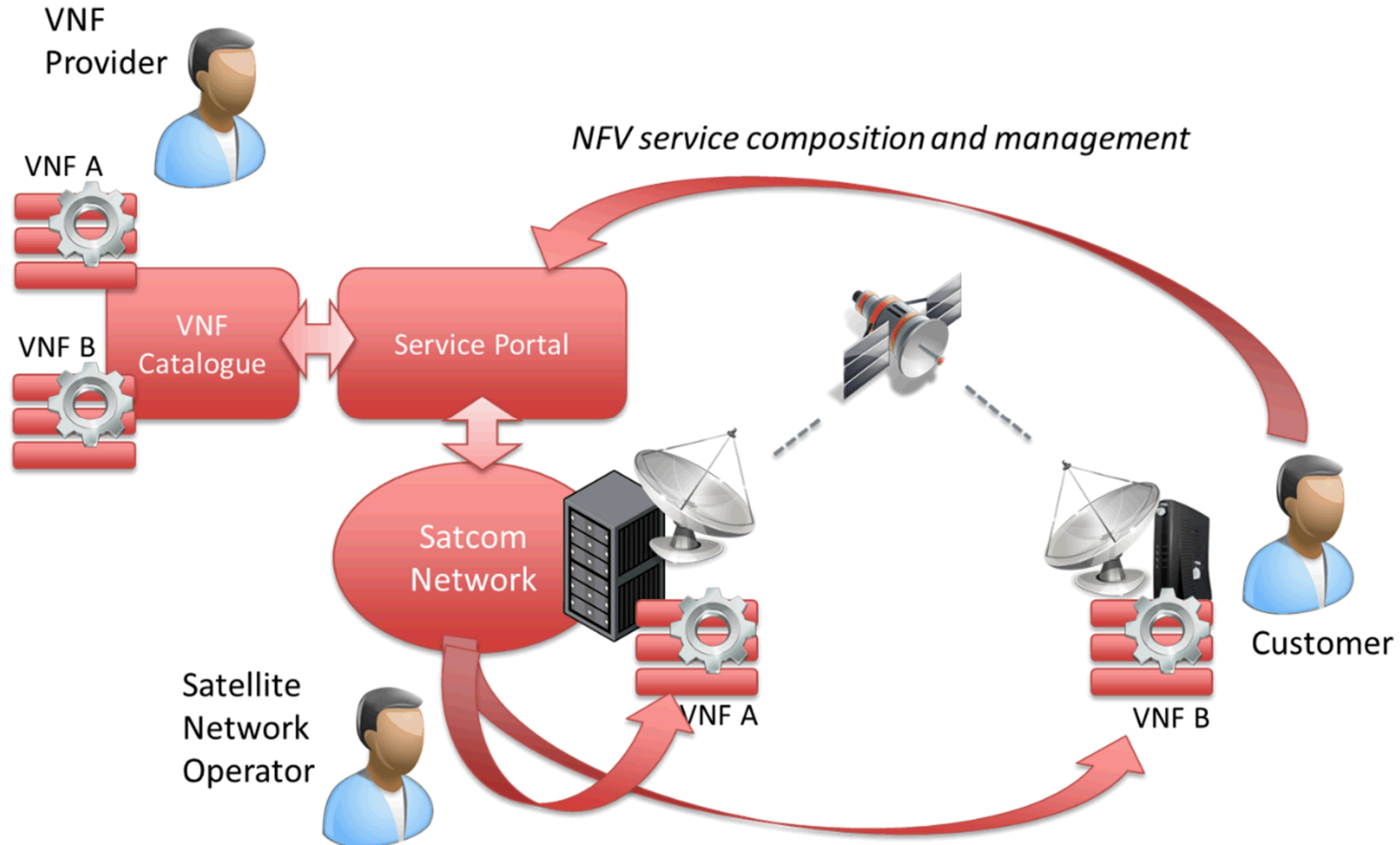
# UC#1: Hybrid Media Distribution Network as-a-Service



# UC#2: Dynamic backhauling with edge processing



# UC#3: Customer Functions Virtualisation



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# Key architectural concepts and components

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**Discrete satellite and terrestrial domains**, maintaining administrative independency

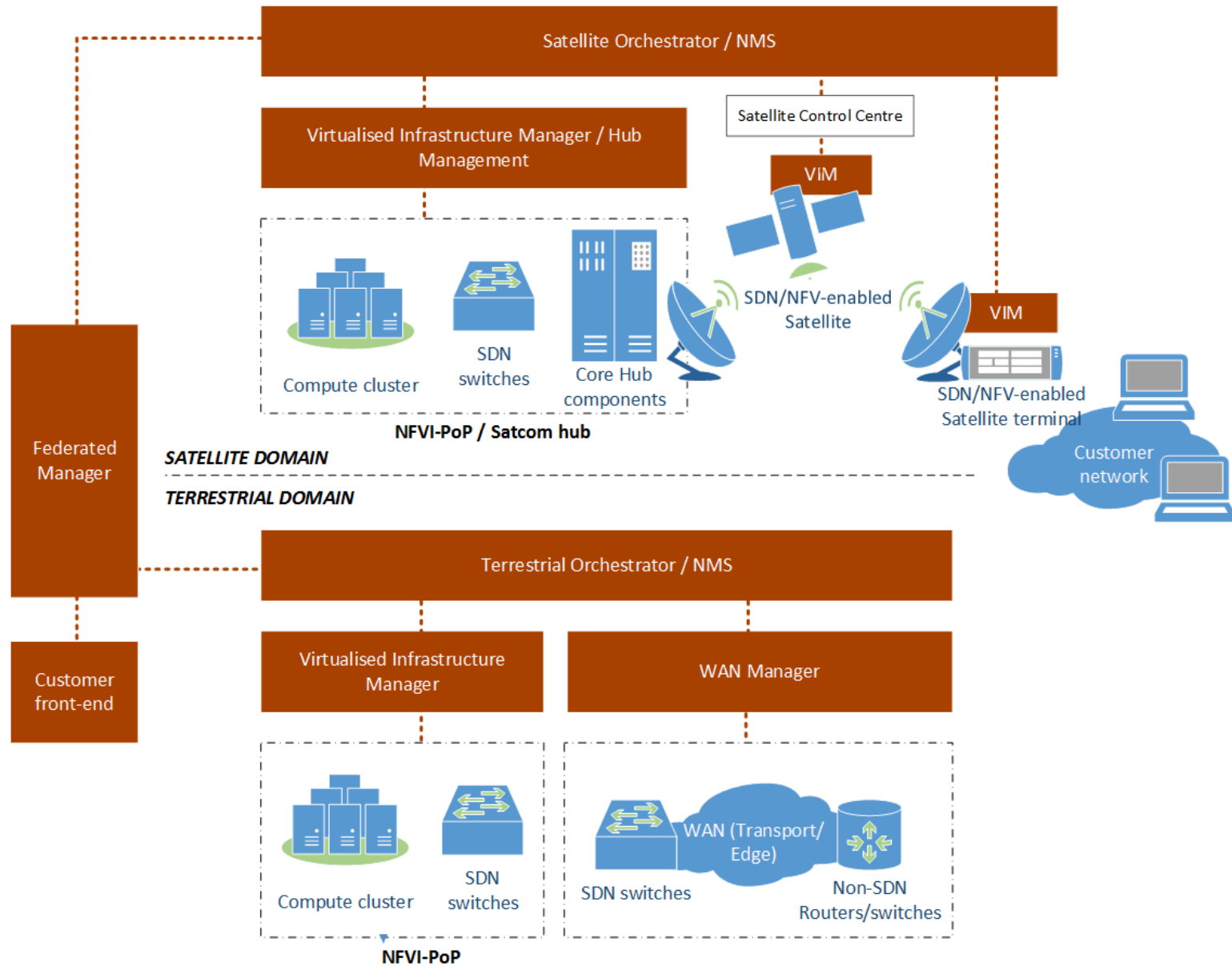
**Federated management entity** for joint management of satellite and terrestrial

**NFVI-PoPs** (in-network clouds) for accommodating VNFs

**Two-tier hierarchical management structure** to support heterogeneous infrastructure segments within the domain (e.g. cloud and transport networks, SDN and non-SDN networks etc.)

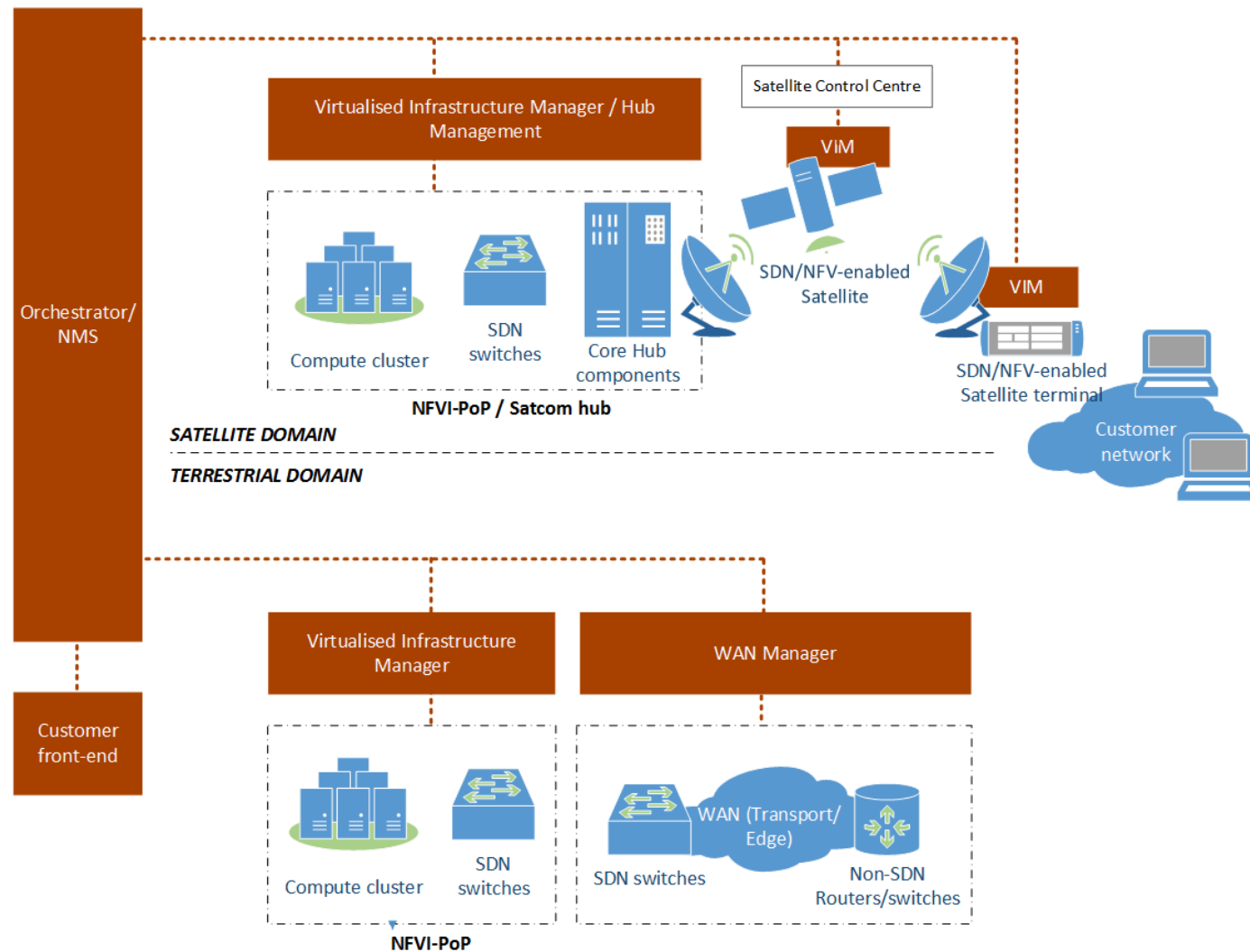
**Service interface to customers** (via front-end portal) for both GUI and programmatic access

# CloudSat reference architecture





# Single-operator variant



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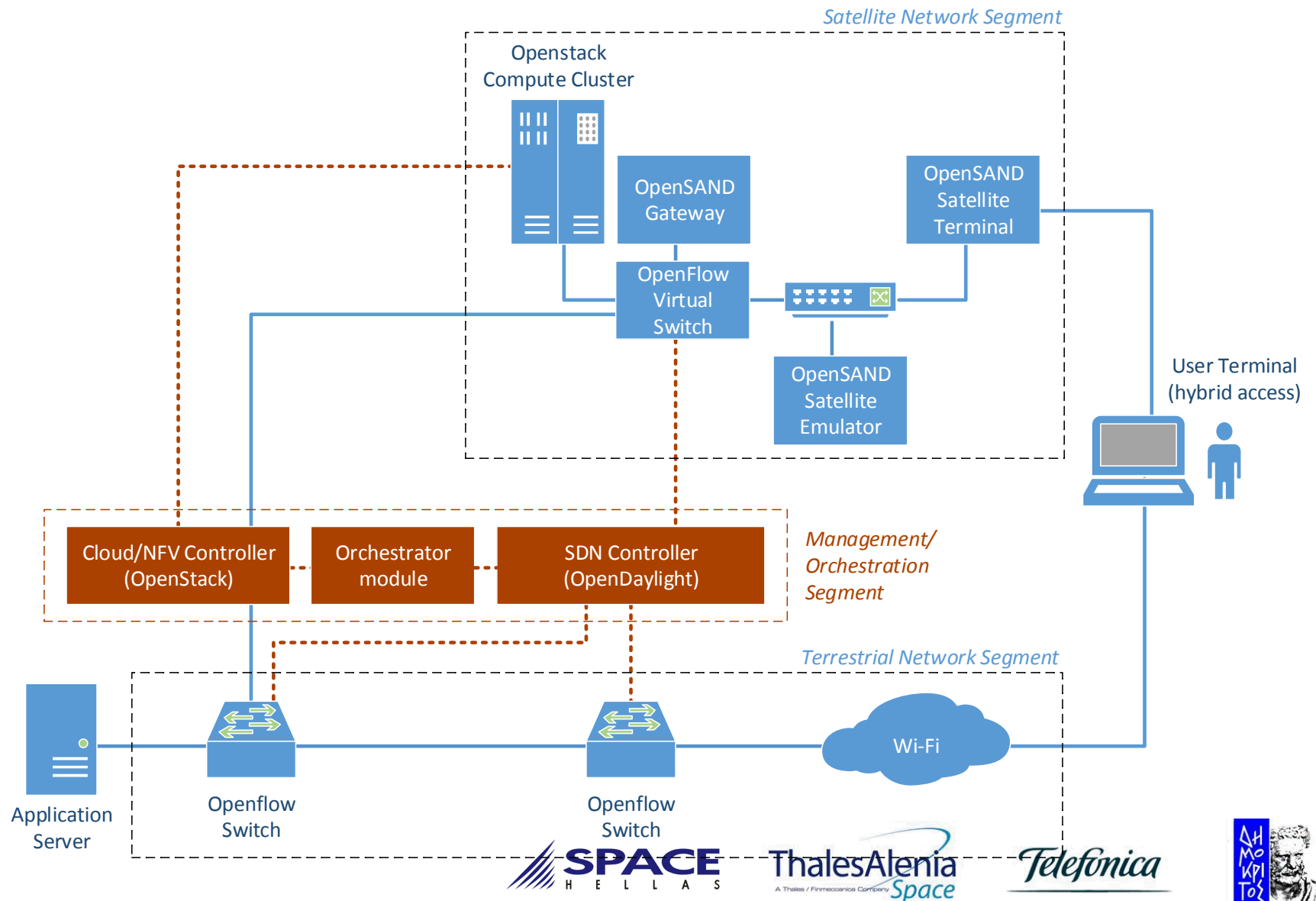
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# Proof-of-Concept implementation

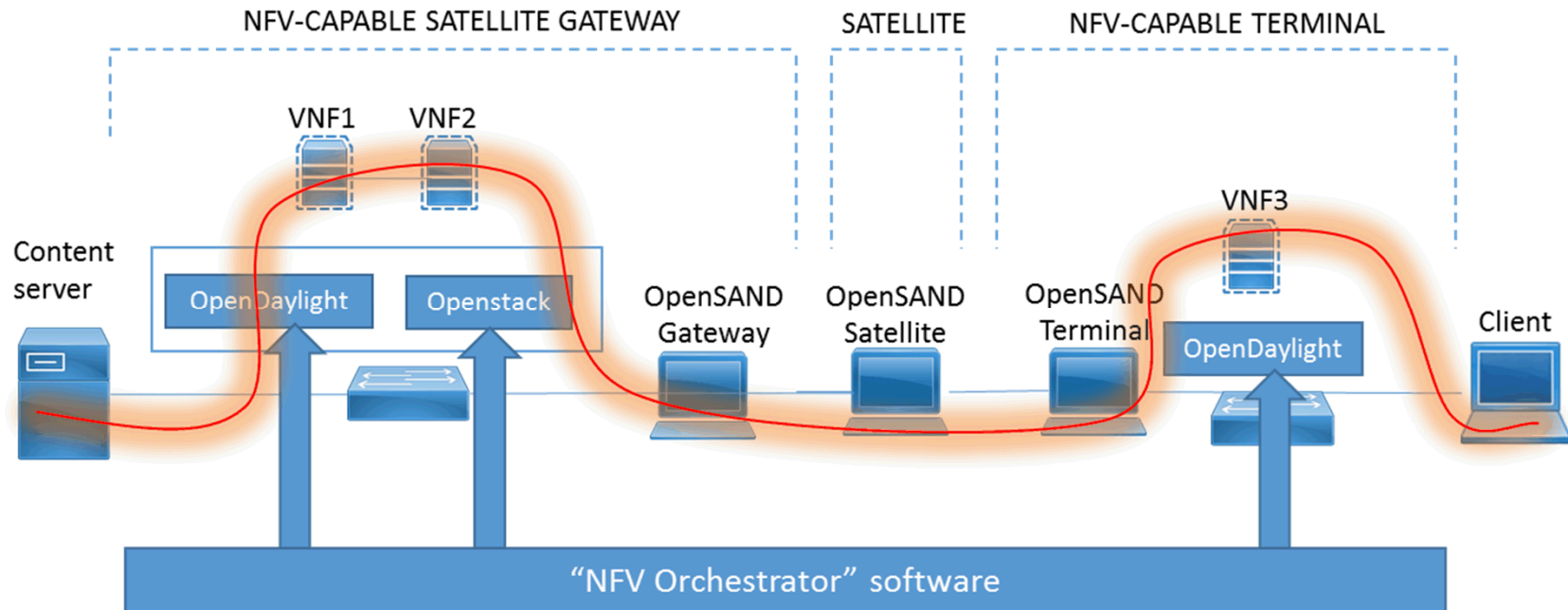
- Satellite Emulator
  - OpenSAND
- NFV Infrastructure
  - Openstack Liberty
- SDN Programmable Network
  - OpenFlow 1.3 switch
  - OpenDaylight Lithium
- Federated Management
  - Programming Scripts
  - APIs of:
    - » OpenStack
    - » OpenDaylight



# Testbed topology



# Indicative UC: Customer Functions Virtualisation



- VNF1: Firewall
- VNF2: TCP accelerator
- VNF3: Web cache

| Name Path | Met... | Status Text | Type     | Initiator | Size Conten    | Time Latency     | Timeline |
|-----------|--------|-------------|----------|-----------|----------------|------------------|----------|
| test.html | GET    | 200 OK      | text/... | Other     | 502 B<br>206 B | 577 ms<br>577 ms |          |
| Name Path | Met... | Status Text | Type     | Initiator | Size Conten    | Time Latency     | Timeline |
| test.html | GET    | 200 OK      | text/... | Other     | 586 B<br>206 B | 4 ms<br>3 ms     |          |

# Findings of Cost Benefit Analysis

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- The introduction of NFV/SDN in SATCOM industry may bring
  - **CAPEX cost reduction**
    - » GEO 18.78%
    - » MEO 29.03%
    - » LEO 41.10%
  - **Increased Revenues due to the NFV-based value-added services**
    - » Use-case #1 Discounted Payback: 2 Years 5 Months
    - » Use-case #2 Discounted Payback: 3 Years 7 Months
    - » Use-case #3 Discounted Payback: 2 Years 10 Months

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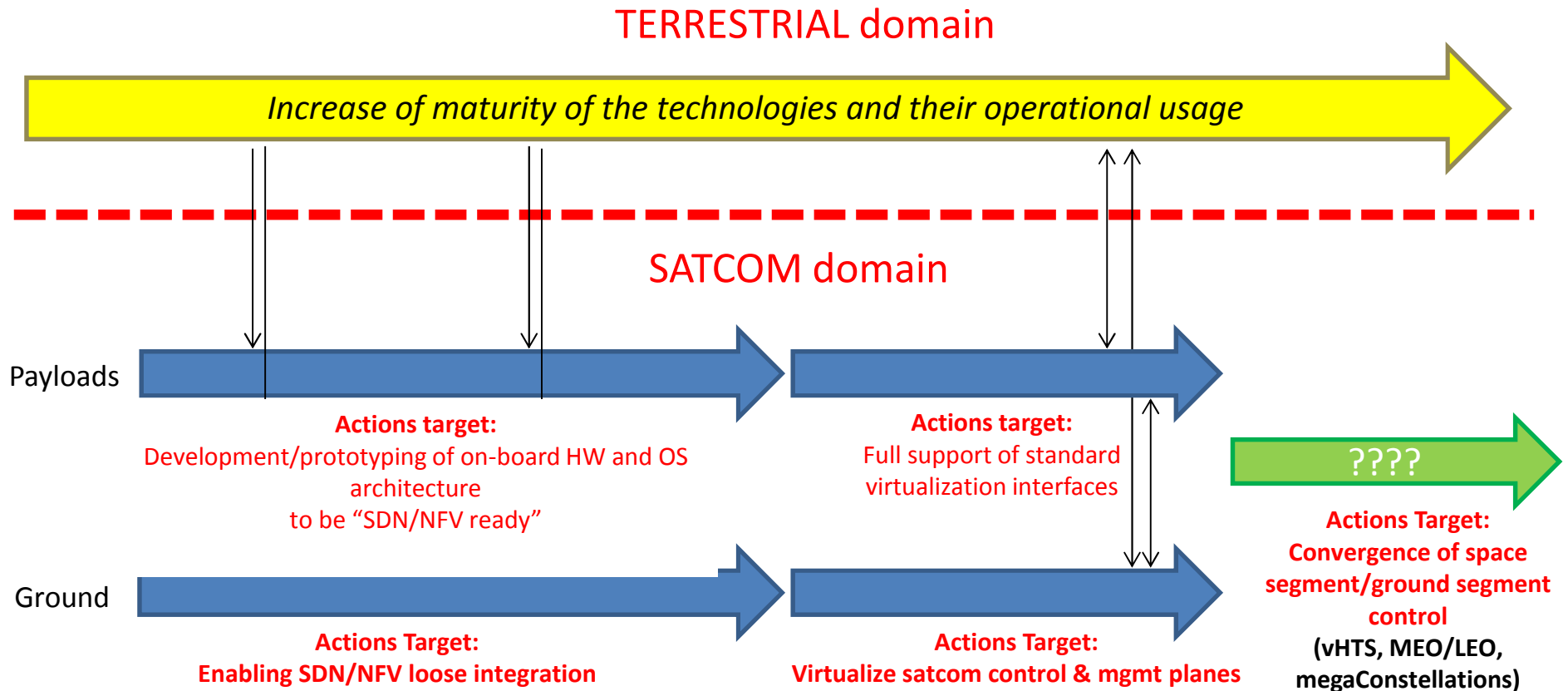
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# Future works recommendation/roadmaps



- **Technical developments**

- Identify key services/functions
- Identify/develop the new APIs
- NMS + BSS/OSS evolution
- Get technical feedback from service providers

- **Confirm/develop satcom business cases**

- Dynamic/virtual provisioning of services
- Virtual satcom operators and providers

- **Extension towards PHY/MAC layer virtualization ?**

- **Terrestrial/satellite integration (e.g. 5G)**
- **Standards evolution**



# SDN/NFV extensions for better integration with satcom

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- SDN support for **satcom-specific fields** (e.g. MPEG-2TS / ATM / ULE / GSE fields in DVB architectures)
- **Limitation of controller<>fabric communication overhead** (to allow remote SDN control over satellite)
- SDN extensions for **PHY and MAC control** (resource management)
- Extension of the Cloud-RAN concept for **multi-GW configurations**
- Adaptation of NFV management and execution platforms to accommodate **resource constrains** (payload, terminal)
- Integration with **satcom OSS/BSS**

# Candidate targets for tracking & contribution

## SDOs



OPEN NETWORKING  
FOUNDATION



*World Class Standards*



International  
Telecommunication  
Union

## Open-source initiatives



openstack  
CLOUD SOFTWARE



## Follow-up activities

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- **Close observation of virtualization technologies** and developments by the different parties.
- **Engagement of stakeholders;** Feedback from satcom Service Providers and Customers is of utter importance
- **Prototyping and testing** of different kinds of SDN / NFV-enabled solutions and platforms.
- TRL elevation via **H2020 (&5G) and ESA projects**



CloudSat

Thank you for your attention!

