A Hierarquical MEC Architecture: Experimenting the RAVEN Use-Case

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Introduction and Objective

- General or high-level objective: provide user-oriented service with quality of experience
 - Heterogeneous classes of users, consumers, machines, other services
- Service-level objective: provide optimized video streaming service using commercial terminals
 - Perceived live video quality
 - High traffic demand, low latency, real-time network information, guarantee QoS, etc.
- Solution-level objective: real-time adaptive video streaming employing a MEC platform hierarchical architecture and aware of RAN conditions
 - RAVEN Radio Aware Video optimization in a fully Virtualized Network



ETSI MEC PoC

PoC#1: Video User Experience Optimization via MEC - A Service Aware RAN MEC PoC

PoC#2: Edge Video Orchestration and Video Clip Replay via MEC

PoC#3: RAVEN - Radio Aware Video Optimization in a Fully Virtualized Network

PoC#4: FLIPS - Flexible IP-based Services

PoC#5: Enterprise Services

- PoC#6: Healthcare Dynamic Hospital User, IoT and Alert Status Management
- PoC#7: Multi-Service MEC Platform for Advanced Service Delivery

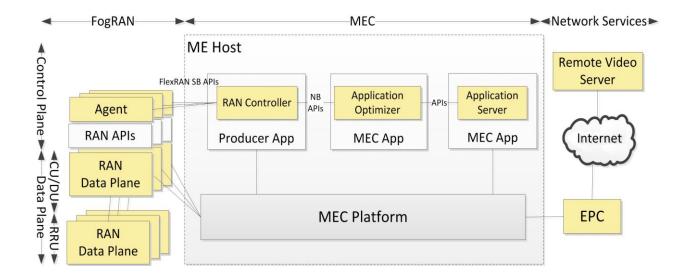
PoC#8: Video Analytics

- PoC#9: MEC platform to enable low-latency Industrial IoT
- PoC#10: Service-Aware MEC Platform to Enable Bandwidth Management of RAN
- PoC#11: Communication Traffic Management for V2X
- PoC#12: MEC platform to enable OTT business



Hierarchical MEC Architecture

- LTE-based but general design suitable for future RAN technologies (e.g. 5G NR)
- Three components: FogRAN (Cloud-RAN), MEC (incl. RAN Controller), Network services
- Realized through FlexRAN software defined-RAN: defines southbound APIs and control protocols for interfacing RAN controller and agents
- Agents gather real-time radio information

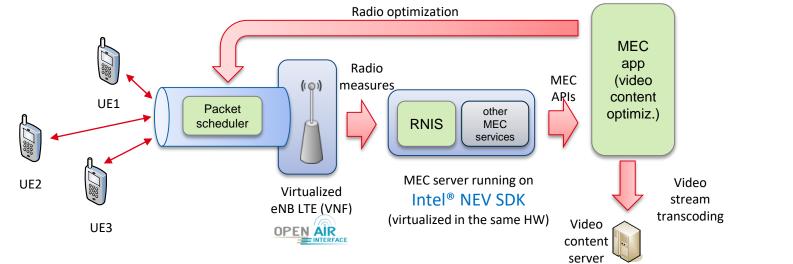




PoC#3 - RAVEN – Radio Aware Video Optimization in a Fully Virtualized Network

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- Video optimization application aware of the radio conditions in the cell
- MEC application co-located with eNB and communicating with video content server.
- Quality of the video streams adjusted according to radio conditions of users.

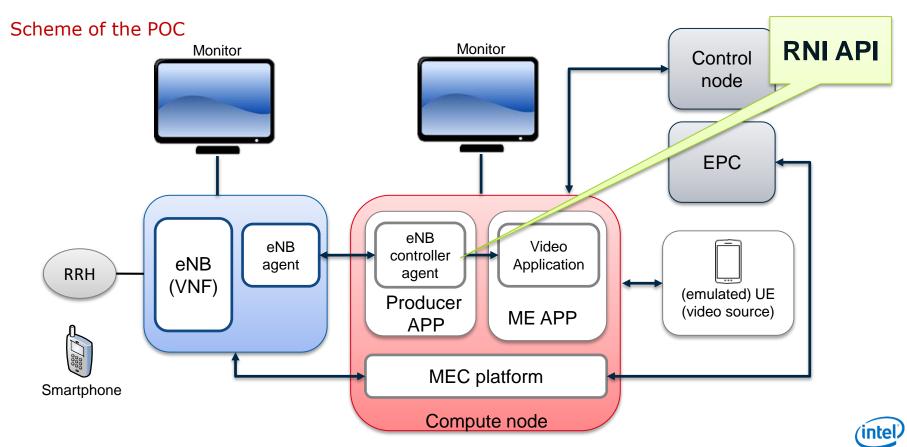


 Video streams and quality perceived by users improved thanks to proximity and usage of MEC Video Optimization Application



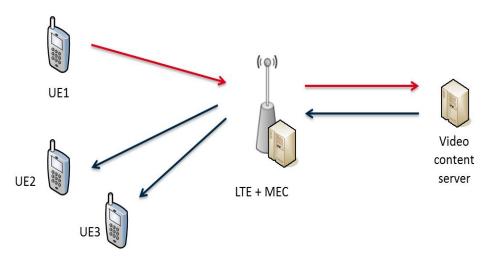
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RAVEN use case demonstration

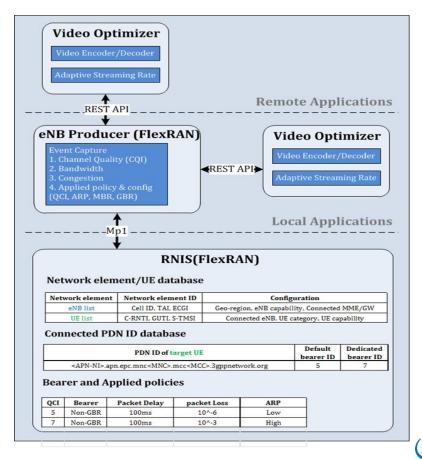
- Three steps:
- One UE records and sends a video stream to the video server in uplink (e.g. UE1);
- Server receives and distributes video stream to the registered UEs in downlink (e.g. UE2 and UE3);
- 3. MEC platform captures the congestion or channel quality event and sends a trigger to the application optimizer, so that adjusts accordingly the quality of the video streams at the application server





RAVEN: RNIS API in eNB producer

- Rich set of RNIS API specified and developed by ETSI MEC
- Both RESTFUL and message-based Application API supported
- Event-driven, periodic, and one-shot
- Support eNB status monitoring and fine-grain configuration
- Video optimizer registers to a set of events at the eNB producer



RAVEN: tests of RNI implementation

• Measured maximum sustainable TCP bitrate with discrete congestion level based on CQI.

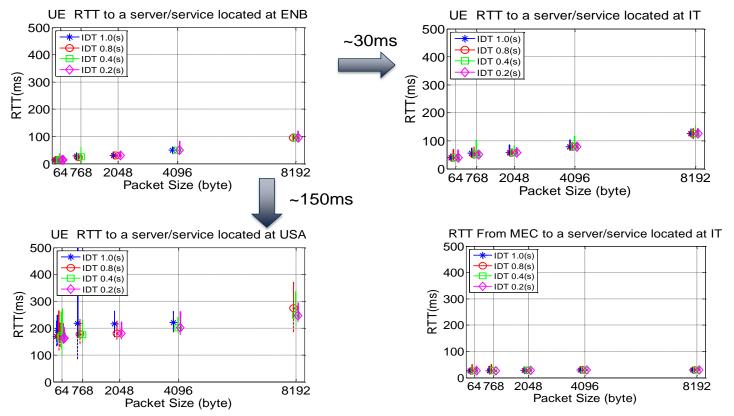
CQI	Congestion Level	Downlink (Mb/s)	Uplink (Mb/s)
11- 15	Low	15.224	8.08
9- 11	Low	11.469	6.04
7-9	Medium	9.88	4.47
4- 7	Medium	5.591	2.49
0-4	High	1.08	0.69

 Measured results reveals the maximum sustainable bitrate as a function of user channel quality indicator (CQI), which is combined with the cell congestion level to adapt the streaming quality



RAVEN PoC: Measured packets RTT

Comparison of two MEC deployment options and related performances





Conclusions

- Proposed hierarchical MEC architecture demonstrated via PoC of RAVEN use-case
- PoC assembled in a small-scale open-source virtualized LTE environment and using commercial terminals
- PoC demonstrates real-time adaptive video streaming empowered by Edge Computing
- Experiments demonstrate the benefit of radio information in optimizing the video streaming
- Quality perceived improved with the help of RNI API specified by ETSI MEC







Thank you!

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